



Serial No.: 10/051,726
Docket No.: ST01015USU(133-US-U1)

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

PETITION TO WITHDRAW THE HOLDING OF ABANDONMENT DUE TO PAPERS BEING LOST WITHIN THE PTO

APPLICANTS: UY et al.

EXAMINER: Toatley, Gregory J., Jr.

SERIAL NO.: 10/051,726

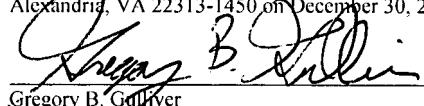
ART UNIT: 2836

FILED: January 17, 2002

CASE NO.: ST01015USU(133-US-U1)

TITLED: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY MAINTAINING
CIRCUIT POWER WHEN HIGHER VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT

I hereby certify that this document is being deposited with the
United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope
addressed to: Attention: Office of Petitions, Mail Stop:
PETITION, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450,
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on December 30, 2004.



Gregory B. Golliver

THE ECLIPSE GROUP
10453 Raintree Lane
Northridge, CA 91326

December 30, 2004

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Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

This petition is being filed to have the "Holding of Abandonment" withdrawn in the above referenced case. No fee is required for this petition because the action being petition from is the result of correspondence lost within the United States Patent and Trademark Office.

The reason for abandonment was stated to be a failure to reply to an office letter mailed on 24 December 2003. Attached is a copy of the reply that was timely mailed to the United States Patent and Trademark Office and a copy of a postcard stamped by the United States Patent and Trademark Office showing receipt of our response to the office letter. The response even

had a "Certificate of Mailing" signed by me (Gregory B. Gulliver, reg. 44,138). Further the response was mailed and received by the USPTO within the statutory time period for reply.

The Examiner was given the name of Jennifer Hammond as a contact at our firm, but Jennifer Hammond was married over a year ago and her new name is Jennifer Hamilton (reg. 41814). Further the telephone number that was give by an attorney at another law firm, Anthony Orler (reg. 41232), was an incorrect telephone number.

Applicants in their response were updating the correspondence address for this application. As a result of the response being lost, the correspondence address was not updated and the notice of abandonment was sent to the wrong law firm. The mailing of the notice of abandonment to the wrong law firm delayed us from receiving the notice of abandonment.

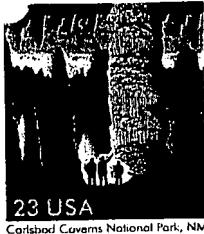
Applicants respectfully ask that the "Holding of Abandonment" be withdrawn because Applicants have shown that they did timely and properly respond to the office letter mailed on 24 December 2003.

Respectfully submitted,

By 

Attorney for Applicants
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13 Q recycled

DOCKET NO.: ST01015USU(133-US-U1) ATTORNEY: GBG

Patent Office Mail Room: Applicant: Allan Paul T. Uy et al.
Please affix the Patent Office stamp Serial No.: 10/051,726
and return this card to acknowledge Filing Date: January 17, 2002
receipt of the following documents: Client: ST

Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY MAINTAINING CIRCUIT
POWER WHEN HIGHER VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT

1. Return Receipt Postcard;
2. Transmittal (1 page); and
3. Office Action Response with formal figures (11 pages).

Deposited with the United States Postal Service on March 19, 2004 with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Mail Stop Non-Patent Amendment, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450





Serial No.: 10/051,726
Eclipse Group: ST01015USU(133-US-U1)

PATENT APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

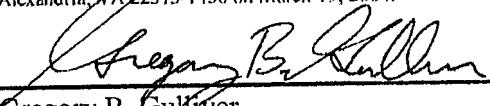
APPLICANT: Allan Paul T. Uy et al. EXAMINER: RIOS CUEVAS,
FROBERTO JOSE

SERIAL NO.: 10/051,726 GROUP: 2836

FILED: January 17, 2002 OLD CASE NO.: SIRF.133USU1
NEW CASE NO.: ST01015USU(133-US-U1)

TITLED: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR SELECTIVELY MAINTAINING
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BOX Non-Fee Amendment, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450,
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Gregory B. Gulliver

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

THE ECLIPSE GROUP
10453 Raintree Lane
Northridge, CA 91326

March 19, 2004

Sir:

CHANGE OF ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER

The Attorney Docket's Number has been changed from old docket number
SIRF.133USU1 to new Attorney Docket Number ST01015USU(133-US-U1).

CHANGE OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

Applicants respectfully request that all future correspondence for patent application
10/051,726 be sent to the following address:

The Eclipse Group
10453 Raintree Lane
Northridge, CA 91326

RESPONSE "A"

Applicants are responding to the Office Action mailed December 24, 2003. Claims 1-10 are pending in the present application. Applicants are traversing the U.S. §103(a) rejections and are submitting formal drawings. Please reconsider the identified patent application in view of the following remarks. Applicants believe that no new matter has been added by this response.

REMARKS

Claims 1-10 are pending in the present application and Applicants are traversing the rejection of claims 1-10 and addressing the objection to the drawings. Applicants believe that no new matter has been added in this response.

Objections to the Drawings

The Examiner objected to figure 1 and requested that "—Prior Art—" be added to the figure. Applicants have made the requested change and are submitting formal drawings for review by the Examiner. Two sets of the formal drawings are being submitted with one set for the Examiner and the other set for the Draftsperson. Each set contains a clean copy and a copy with drawing changes marked in red. Applicants ask that the formal drawings be accepted.

Therefore, Applicants submit that the objection to the drawings has been addressed.

Response to 35 U.S.C. §103 Rejection

To establish a prima facie case of obviousness, three basic criteria must be met. First, there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the

knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference or to combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success. Finally, the prior art reference (or references when combined) must teach or suggest all the claim limitations. The teaching or suggestion to make the claimed combination and the reasonable expectation of success must both be found in the prior art, and not based on applicant's disclosure. In re Vaeck, 947 F.2d 488, 20 USPQ2d 1438 (Fed. Cir. 1991).

The Examiner rejected claims 1-10 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over a dual Schottky diode device in view of Staffiere (U.S. Patent 6,137,192, hereafter the '192 patent). The Examiner found that the dual Schottky diode device contained all the limitations "except a FET coupled to the second source and an inverter for preventing a current flow from the second source when the first power is available." The Examiner then relied on the '192 patent to show; "wherein a FET is coupled to a second source and an inverter is provided for preventing a current flow from the second source when a first power is available (Figures 15, 16)." Applicants believe that the three basic criteria have not been met and that the claims are in condition for allowance.

Not all claim limitation taught or suggested by cited art

The dual Schottky diode device reference in view of the '192 patent, does not teach or suggest all of Applicants' claim limitations. The dual Schottky diode device reference and the '192 patent both describe switching circuit. The switching in the dual Schottky diode device occurs with diode biasing, while the switching in the '192 patent occurs with a control signal that turns on one transistor while turning another off. Applicants in claim 1 and claim 6 require; "an

inverter, coupled to a gate of a field effect transistor in a pinched-off condition and preventing a current flow from the secondary power source when the primary power source is available.

The '192 patent describes at column 10, lines 15-22, and shows in figure 16 that;

"[t]ransistor 350 has its drain coupled to the Vcc power supply and its source coupled to output load 330. The gate of transistor 350 is coupled to receiver the signal from voltage detector 320 via inverter 370. Transistor 360 has its drain coupled to embedded backup electrical energy storage device 310 and its source coupled to load 330. The gate of transistor 360 is coupled to receive signal 325 from voltage detector 320."

Thus, the '192 patent describes transistor 360 being coupled to the backup electrical energy storage device with the gate to the receive signal 325 from the voltage detector 320. The inverter in the '192 patent does not keep transistor 360 in a pinched-off condition, nor does the inverter prevent the current flow from the secondary power source as claimed by Applicants in independent claims 1 and 6. Further, there is no mention in the references about the secondary power source having a lower potential than a primary power source as contained in independent claims 1 and 6.

Therefore, the dual Schottky diode device when combined with the '192 patent does not suggest all of Applicants' claim limitations contained in independent claims 1 and 6.

Must be some suggestion or motivation to combine

A prima facie case of obviousness requires that there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference or to combine reference teachings of the dual Schottky diode device with the '192 patent. The combination of the dual Schottky diode device

with the '192 patent fails to describe all the elements claimed by the Applicants, thus there can be no motivation to combine because at least one element would still be missing. Any such objective reason can only be found in the teaching of the application in suit. Even if the mere fact that the prior art could be modified as proposed by the Examiner, it is not sufficient to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness, *In re Fritch*, 972 F.2d 1260, 1266, 23 USPQ2d 1780, 1783 (Fed. Cir. 1992).

Further, both the dual Schottky diode device and the '192 patent are both switching circuits. There is no reason to combine two switching circuit in one circuit. Further, such a combination using the teachings of the cited art requires a voltage detector element that increases the complexity and cost of any resulting circuits and would not motivate any such combination.

Therefore, the cited art cannot be combined because all the elements of Applicants' claims 1 and 6 are not found in the cited references and there is not motivation to have a circuit with two switching circuits and the added complexity contained in the '192 patent.

There must be a reasonable expectation of success

Prima facie obviousness requires that there must be a reasonable expectation of success when prior art is modified or combined. There is no reasonable expectation of success in achieving the invention claimed when the dual Schottky diode device is modified with the teachings of the '192 patent.

As discussed above, the combination of cited art does not contain all the elements of Applicants' claims 1 and 6. Unless all the elements are taught by the references, there can be no success in combining the cited references. Therefore, there is no reasonable expectation of success if and attempt is made to combine the cited references.

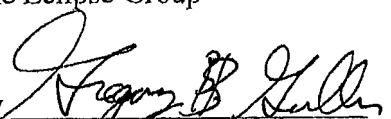
In summary, the combination of the above references does not meet the three basic criteria to establish a *prima facie* case of obviousness and Applicants respectfully submit that claims 1 and 6 are in condition for allowance. Claims that depend from allowable independent claims are allowable because they contain all the elements from the allowable claims they depend from. Therefore dependent claims 2-5 and 7-10 are also in condition for allowance.

Conclusion

In view of the foregoing discussion, Applicants respectfully submit that claims 1-10, as presented, are in a condition for allowance, which action is earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,
The Eclipse Group

By


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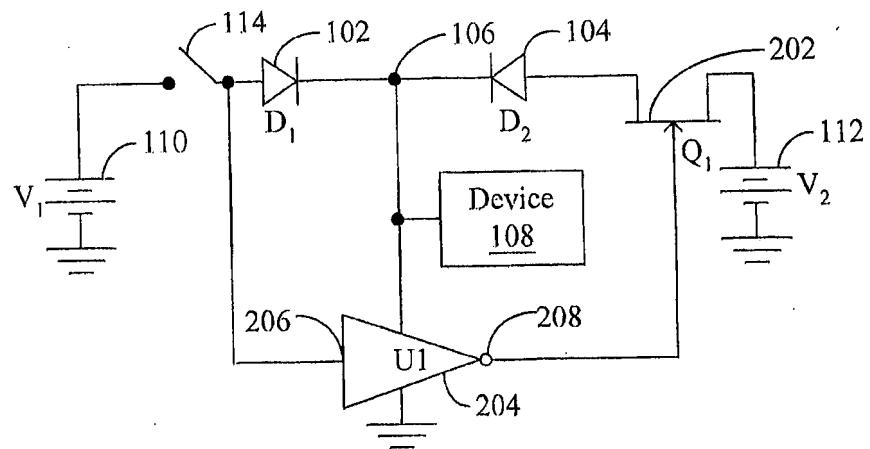
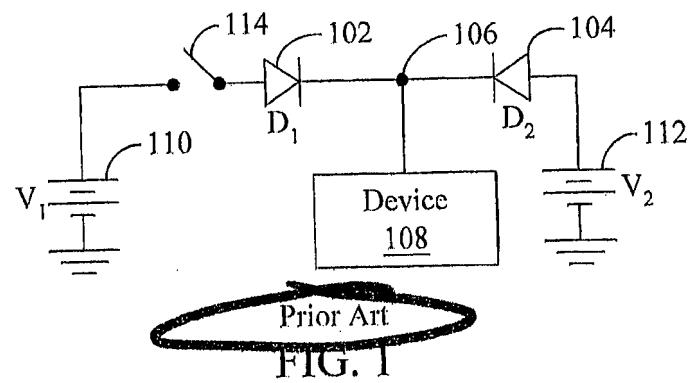


FIG. 2

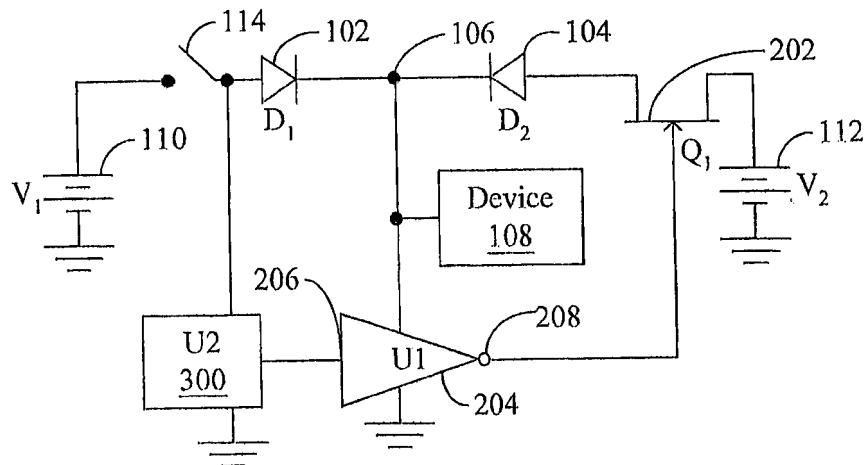
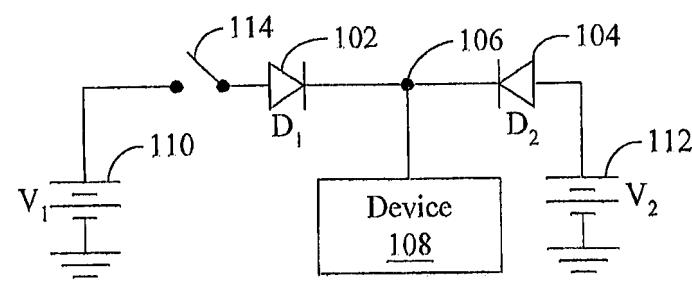


FIG. 3



Prior Art

FIG. 1

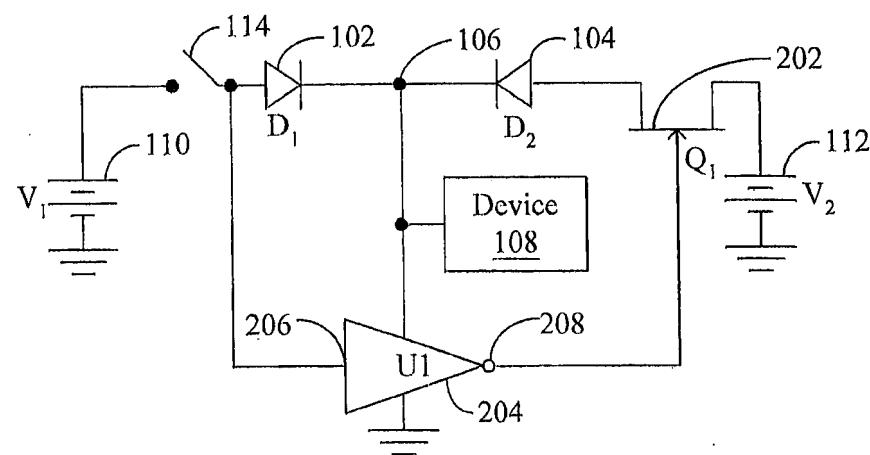


FIG. 2

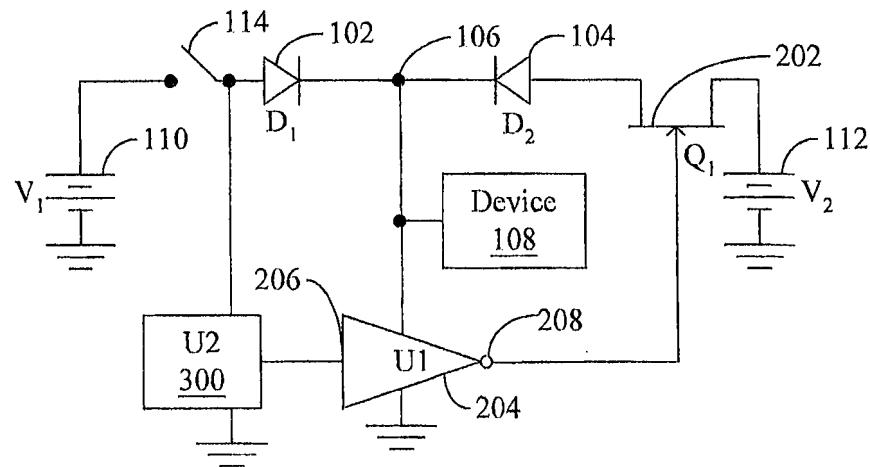


FIG. 3



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March 24, 2004

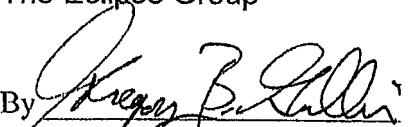
Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

LETTER TO THE DRAFTSPERSON

Applicants have included a set of formal drawings having a clean drawing and a drawing with changes marked in red for review by the Draftsperson. Applicants ask that the submitted drawings be accepted by the Draftsperson.

Respectfully submitted,
The Eclipse Group

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